

Common Fraud Scams

The [NCUA Fraud Prevention Center](#) shares key information on common scams, identity theft, and cybercrimes. It is important to be aware of trends and common scams that credit union members may experience.

	Red Flags	Tips
Advance-Fee Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A member urgently requesting a wire transfer internationally who does not have international connections A member expecting a large financial return following the wire transfer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Terminate and authenticate communication if you are unsure of its legitimacy and do not share sensitive information or transfer funds
Business and Job Opportunity Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Job and business opportunities that are too good to be true and requests for payment to get the job 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get a second opinion and take time before accepting a job offer Research the organization's credentials and ask for the legally required disclosure that outlines any lawsuits against them, the cancellation or refund policy, etc.
Business Email Compromise (BEC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urgent requests for payment, typically via wire transfer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the accuracy of email senders and verify payments with intended recipients If you detect fraud, contact the originating financial institution
Check Fraud and Check Washing Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The check's intended recipient did not receive it in the mail Checks that appear altered or damaged Uncharacteristic check payments to a new payee Unusual check deposits that are quickly withdrawn or transferred Reports of lost or stolen checks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retrieve your mail regularly and go to your local post office or collection box to deposit outgoing mail Hold your mail at the post office if you're planning to be away Maintain appropriate account monitoring and train frontline staff to identify fraudulent checks
Credit and Debit Card Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unusual card activity or attempted transactions Declined transactions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform real-time monitoring and Know Your Customer (KYC) controls to identify unusual transactions
Disaster Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Requests for money while you are applying for disaster assistance, especially if the requester cannot provide an official ID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not trust anyone or provide personal information without first seeing an official ID If you suspect fraud, contact government agencies and local law enforcement
Elder Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urgency in withdrawing large amounts of money New relationships or friendships Sudden and unusual changes to wills 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform real-time monitoring and Know Your Customer (KYC) controls to identify unusual transactions and activity Visit the Elder and/or Vulnerable Adult Protections topic within InfoSight.
Fake Check Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You are sent a cashier's check or money order and are asked to send part of the cashed money back in gift cards, money orders, or cryptocurrency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not wire or send gift cards, money orders, or cryptocurrency Void a check if the amount is more than it should be and request another check for the same amount

Identity Theft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unauthorized debit or credit transactions • Personal data discrepancies • Suspicious IDs or documents • Multiple new accounts opened using an existing member's sensitive information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify a business is legitimate before providing sensitive information • Be cautious about what personal data you post to social profiles • Monitor account activity and credit reports regularly • Monitor member transactions for suspicious activity and implement KYC controls to confirm and monitor customer accounts • Visit the Identity Theft topic within InfoSight.
Imposter Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requests for personal or financial info or money transfers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government agencies will not ask for sensitive information or payment – terminate and authenticate any communications if you are unsure
Internal Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Employees living beyond their means; with family or financial problems; who are unusually close with a vendor or member; addicted to drugs, alcohol, or gambling • Employees with excessive or unusual wire transfer activity • Customer or vendor reports of missing funds or payments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct pre-employment screening and background checks on prospective employees • Implement internal controls such as four-eyes checks, (require two people to verify certain transactions), segregation of duties, and mandated vacations • Regularly perform internal and external audits
Investment Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promises of high returns with no risk along with high-pressure sales tactics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do independent research, consult with fiduciary financial advisors, or talk with people you trust before investing • Report any suspected fraud to the applicable agencies (SEC, FINRA, CFTC, FBI, FTC)
Invoice Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unusual changes in payment or account details • Discrepancies in vendor information and bank account details 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement strict procedures for invoice payments • Establish regular communications with vendors and track invoice activity • Match invoices with purchase orders and confirm payment information • Implement internal controls such as four-eyes checks
Loan Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inconsistent financial information on loan applications • Mismatch between the borrower profile and intended purchases • Collateral value discrepancies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement due diligence checks and other fraud controls and build them into policies and procedures • Conduct post-payment assurance work to identify and recover any fraud losses
New Account Opening Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suspicious documents • Large cash deposits • Inconsistent transactions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement strong KYC controls and real-time behavioral and transaction monitoring
Online Shopping Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An order that did not arrive and/or a denied refund request • Unauthorized credit and debit card transactions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read refund and return policies before purchasing • Dispute charges for orders that did not arrive and denied refund requests • Use a credit card for online purchases • Use official retailer websites and apps • Monitor card transactions for unauthorized activity

Ponzi and Pyramid Schemes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A consistent flow of unregistered investments • A business that does not sell a legitimate product and lacks sales revenue 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement strong KYC controls and real-time behavioral and transaction monitoring
Prizes, Sweepstakes, and Lotteries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication claiming you won a prize, lottery, or sweepstakes that you did not enter, followed by a request for money or account information to cover the upfront taxes and fees • Pressure and/or sense of urgency to act quickly 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not send money or provide personal information if you did not enter the lottery or sweepstakes • Terminate and authenticate communication if you are unsure
Ransomware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unusual emails, including an increase in spam emails and phishing attempts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use anti-virus and anti-malware programs to perform system and software scans • Make an offline backup of your data • Update operating systems and software frequently
Romance Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requests for money for emergencies or for personal information from someone you have not met in person 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be careful what you share on social profiles and do not send money, gifts, or gift cards to someone you have not met in person • Reverse image search someone if you suspect them to be
Spoofing & Phishing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slightly tweaked email addresses or website URLs, mimicking a trusted source, such as changing a letter, symbol, or number • Generic greetings and/or signatures • Misspellings, inconsistent formatting, poor sentence structure and grammar issues • Requests for sensitive info for verification purposes • Pressure to open and download attachments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify a source is legitimate before clicking on any links or downloading anything from emails or messages • Hang up on any calls from unknown callers requesting information • Do not provide sensitive information if the request is unsolicited over the phone or internet • Install cybersecurity measures such as anti-virus software and firewalls
Technical Support Impersonation Scams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emails received regarding unsolicited services, pressuring you to act quickly 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not give others full control access to your computer or send wire transfers to unknown entities, and do not download software from them
<i>Wire Fraud</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Changes in established payment or account details</i> • <i>Unusual wire transfer activity</i> • <i>Transactions initiated online or through mail</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Implement a detection system with real-time monitoring to identify and prevent wire fraud</i>